

- ★ READ THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL OF THE ASPIRATING PUMP PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.
- ★ DO NOT DISCARD CAREFULLY THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL UNTIL ALL THE TUBES IN THIS BOX ARE USED UP.

## 1. PERFORMANCE

Measuring Range	: 0.2 - 5.0 ppm
and Pump Stroke	: 2 pump strokes
Sampling Time	: 4 minutes
Colour Change	: Yellow (*) → Pale pink
(*) Occasionally, the original colour of the unused tubes is reddish. But the accuracy of the readings is not affected.	
Detectable Limit	: 0.1 ppm
Operating Temperature	: 5 - 40 °C (41-104°F) (Temperature correction is necessary.)
Operating Humidity	: 10 - 90%R.H. (No correction is necessary.)
Aspirating Pump	: Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S, or 400A

### CAUTION

1. THE DETECTOR TUBE AND PRETREAT TUBE CONTAIN CHEMICAL REAGENTS.
2. DO NOT TOUCH THESE REAGENTS DIRECTLY ONCE TUBES WERE BROKEN.
3. KEEP THE TUBES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

### NOTICE

1. USE ONLY WITH PUMP MODELS AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S, or 400A. OTHERWISE, CONSIDERABLE ERROR IN INDICATION MAY OCCUR.
2. BEFORE TESTING, CHECK THE ASPIRATING PUMP FOR LEAKS. (REFER TO ITEM 8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP.) ANY PUMPS SHOWING SIGNS OF LEAKAGE SHOULD BE CORRECTED BEFORE USE.
3. DO NOT USE THIS TUBE OUTSIDE THE STATED OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE.
4. STORE TUBES IN REFRIGERATED PLACE (0-10 °C/32-50°F), AND USE BEFORE EXPIRATION DATE PRINTED ON THE TOP OF THE BOX.
5. PRIOR TO USE, READ ITEM 9. USER RESPONSIBILITY CAREFULLY.
6. READ THE CONCENTRATION IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRAWING THE SAMPLE.

## 2. SAMPLING AND MEASUREMENT

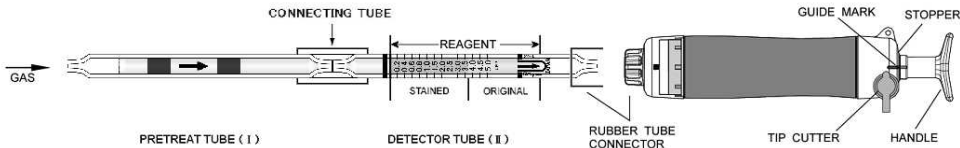


Fig.1

- ① Break both ends of the pretreat tube ( I ) and detector tube ( II ), and connect each end of the pretreat tube and detector tube with connecting tube as shown in Fig.1.

**CAUTION SAFETY GLASSES AND GLOVES SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT INJURY FROM SPLINTERING GLASS.**

- ② Insert the detector tube into the aspirating pump securely as shown in Fig.1. (Arrow mark shall point to the pump.)
- ③ Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the aspirating pump.
- ④ Pull the pump handle at a full stroke until it locks and wait for 2 minutes or until the completion of sampling is confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump. (See descriptions about the flow indicator in the instruction manual of the pump.)
- ⑤ Push back the handle without removing the detector tube from the rubber tube connector so that air in the pump will be discharged perfectly. Then repeat the step ③~④ once more.
- ⑥ On completion of sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained layer.

**SPECIAL NOTE:** I. The scale is calibrated at 20 °C (68°F), 50%R.H. and 1013hPa. Readings obtained in other circumstances should be corrected. (REFER TO ITEM 3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS.)

II. When the maximum point of the stained layer is unclear or oblique, read the scale at the centre between the longest and shortest points.

- III. After breaking the end of detector tubes, forward to the next step as soon as possible. If the detector tubes are left as they are after breaking the end of the detector tubes, the original colour of reagent will be changed to pale yellow by moisture in the air. However, even if the colour change occurs, the accuracy of the readings will not be affected.

### 3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS

- ① Temperature; Correct the tube reading by following temperature correction table.

Tube Readings (ppm)	Temperature Correction Table				
	Corrected Concentration (ppm)				
	5 °C (41 °F)	10 °C (50°F)	20 °C (68°F)	30 °C (86°F)	40 °C (104°F)
5.0	7.9	6.3	5.0	4.5	4.0
4.5	7.1	5.6	4.5	4.1	3.6
4.0	6.3	5.0	4.0	3.6	3.2
3.5	5.5	4.4	3.5	3.1	2.8
3.0	4.7	3.8	3.0	2.7	2.4
2.5	3.8	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.9
2.0	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.8	1.5
1.5	2.2	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.1
1.0	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.86	0.71
0.8	1.1	1.0	0.80	0.68	0.56
0.6	0.83	0.75	0.60	0.50	0.40
0.4	0.55	0.50	0.40	0.32	0.25
0.2	0.27	0.25	0.20	0.16	0.12

- ② Humidity; No correction is necessary.

- ③ Atmospheric Pressure;

$$\text{True concentration} = \frac{\text{Temperature corrected concentration} \times 1013}{\text{Atmospheric pressure (in hPa)}}$$

### 4. INTERFERENCE:

Ethylene oxide produces a similar stain and the coexistence of them gives higher readings. Coexistence of more than 0.5ppm Formaldehyde with Propylene oxide gives higher readings.

### 5. CHEMICAL REACTION IN THE DETECTOR TUBE:

Aldehydes generated through the pretreat tube are detected.

### 6. DISPOSAL OF TUBES:

**USED TUBES SHOULD BE DISPOSED CAREFULLY ACCORDING TO RELEVANT REGULATIONS, IF ANY.**

### 7. HAZARDOUS AND DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF PROPYLENE OXIDE:

TLV - TWA ◆ : 2.0 ppm  
Explosion range in air : 1.9 - 37.0 %

◆ Threshold Limit Value established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2012.

### 8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP:

Checking for leaks;

- ① Insert a sealed, unbroken detector tube into the pump.
- ② Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the pump.
- ③ Pull the handle to a full stroke and wait for 1 minute.
- ④ Unlock the handle and allow it to return slowly into the pump by holding the cylinder and handle securely.

**▲ CAUTION HANDLE WILL TEND TO SNAP BACK INTO THE PUMP QUICKLY.**

- ⑤ If the handle returns completely to the original position, the performance is satisfactory. Otherwise, refer to maintenance procedures shown in the instruction manual of the pump to correct the leakage.

### 9. USER RESPONSIBILITY:

It is the sole responsibility of the user of this equipment to ensure that the equipment is operated, maintained, and repaired in strict accordance with these instructions and the instructions provided with each Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S or 400A aspirating pump, and that detector tubes are not used beyond their expiration date or have a colour change different to that stated in the Performance specifications.

The Manufacturer and Manufacturer's Distributors shall not be otherwise liable for any incorrect measurement or any damages, whether damages result from negligence or otherwise.

※ Product specifications are subject to change without any prior notice.