



IAQ Air quality module 0-200ppm

IAQ-200 SS Micro TX

Technical Specification



Printed Solid Polymer Electrochemical Gas Technology

Small Size | Long Life | Low Cost | High Accuracy | Fast Response | Low Power Consumption



- High-precision environmental monitoring application;
- Calculation of various kinds of harmful gas measurement response, which can effectively evaluate air freshness;
- Good response to VOC, H₂S sulphides, hydrocarbons, alkanes, and ketones;
- Long life, stable detection and high reliability;
- New microcircuit design, strong anti-electromagnetic interference ability;
- Fast response, fast return to zero, plug and play;
- Independent temperature and humidity digital sensors, combined with intelligent algorithms, stronger environmental adaptability, greater accuracy and long-term stability;
- Small size and low power consumption.



Product Overview

The IAQ SS Micro TX Air Quality module offers high-precision detection technology. The gas sensor is a small solid polymer electrochemical sensor which detects low concentrations of gases accurately and reliably. The module uses UART digital output, enabling ease of use, and eliminating the need for customers to understand detailed technical information or calibration.

Application

- Indoor air quality pollution monitoring
- Household and commercial fresh air purification system
- Fresh air device and purifier
- Air pollution monitoring in commercial places (office, shopping malls, airports, train stations, gyms, hotels)
- Indoor temperature and humidity monitor
- Car air purifier
- Air monitoring in public transportation space
- HVAC system
- Smart wearable devices (watches, masks, mobile phones)
- Exercise equipment
- Range hoods and smart home products
- Laboratory exhaust cabinet system
- Super clean laboratory environment monitoring
- Ambient air quality monitoring by small drones

Principle

Solid polymer electrochemical technology is a revolutionary innovation in the field of electrochemical detection. This technology is based on the principle of electrochemical catalytic reaction, detecting the output signals of the electrochemical reactions of different gases, and accurately measuring the gas concentration through the signal.

The sensor consists of three electrodes in contact with the electrolyte. A typical electrode consists of a large surface area of precious metal and other materials. The electrode, electrolyte and the surrounding air are in contact, and the gas diffuses through the back of the porous membrane into the working electrode of the sensor. At this electrode, the gas is oxidized or reduced, and this electrochemical reaction causes a current to flow through the external circuit.

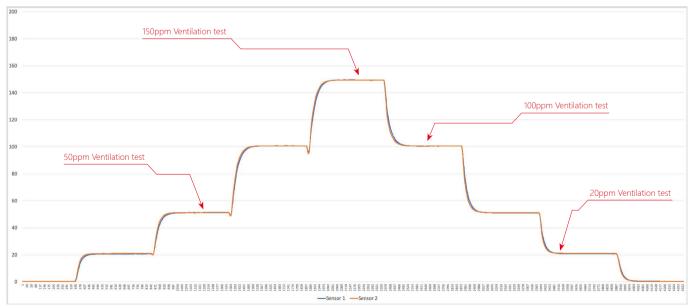


Features

- High accuracy and long life
- Fast response speed, fast return to zero, plug and play
- Good anti-toxicity
- Durable and reliable
- Excellent accuracy, repeatability, linearity and consistency
- Zero drift
- Strong anti-electromagnetic interference ability
- With fixed mounting holes for easy installation
- Sleep design for low power IOT applications
- Independent temperature and humidity digital sensor output
- RoHS environmental design

Linearity

Temperature environment: 26°C; Humidity environment: 55%; Air chamber space: 0.03m³; Ventilation flow of air distribution system: 4000sccm



Test result: 0 ~ 100ppm linear error <± 3%; 100 ~ 200ppm linear error <± 5%;

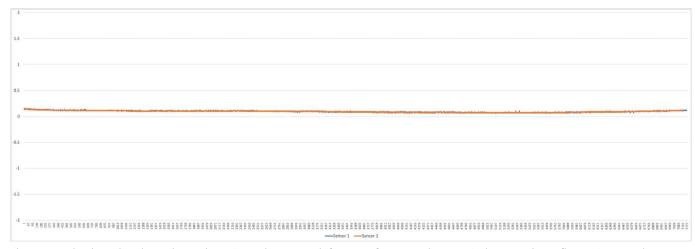
Cross Sensitivity

| Gas | Molecules formula | Concentration (ppm) | Response (ppm) |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Carbon monoxide | СО | 1 | 3.2 |
| Nitrogen dioxide | NO ₂ | 10 | 0 |
| Formaldehyde | НСНО | 0.3 | 0.81 |
| Hydrogen sulphide | H ₂ S | 5 | 15 |
| Sulphur dioxide | SO ₂ | 10 | 4.05 |
| Ethanol | C ₂ H ₆ O | 104.2 | 46.2 |
| Ethylene oxide | C ₂ H ₄ O | 14.4 | 4.65 |
| Benzene | C ₆ H ₆ | 986.5 | 0.45 |
| Ammonia | NH ₃ | 10 | 0.04 |
| Ozone | O ₃ | 10 | 0 |
| Methane | CH ₄ | 5000 | 0 |
| Acetylene | C ₂ H ₂ | 80.3 | 156 |
| Methane | CH ₄ | 3.04%vol | 0 |
| Isobutene | C ₄ H ₈ | 5 | 3 |
| Dichloromethane | CH ₂ Cl ₂ | 30 | 0 |

Note: Dimethylamine, hydrogen cyanide, methanol, toluene, xylene, liquid gasoline, liquid alcohol, domestic natural gas, and gas are all responding. Based on testing with pure liquid or pure gas, the response of known concentration needs to be tested separately.

Zero Drift Testing (More than 12 hours)

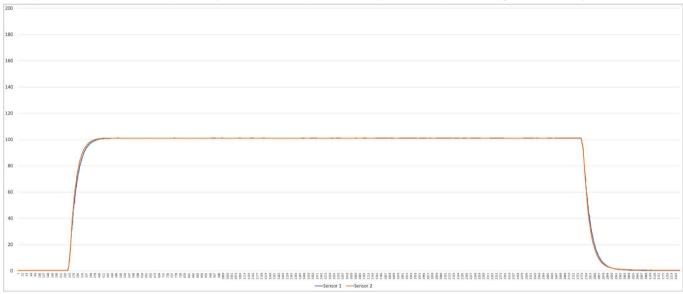
Temperature environment: 28°C; Humidity environment: 50%; Environmental space: 0.03m³ air chamber; Ventilation flow of air distribution system: 4000sccm



The test results show that the 12-hour clean air test has a zero drift range of <0.3ppm (0-2ppm is the normal zero fluctuation range);

100ppm Sensitivity Drift Testing

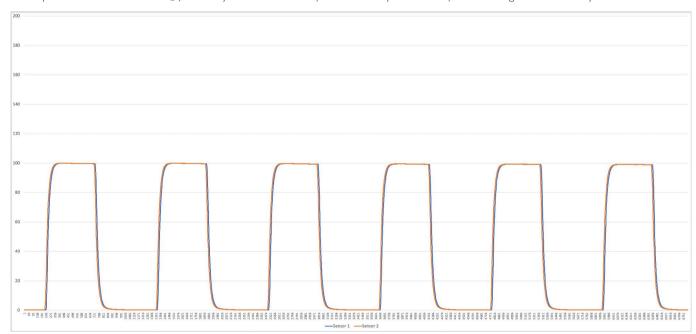
Temperature environment: 28°C; Humidity environment: 55%; Air chamber space: 0.03m³; Gas flow of gas distribution system: 4000sccm



Test result: 2 hours ventilation, range drift <0.5ppm;

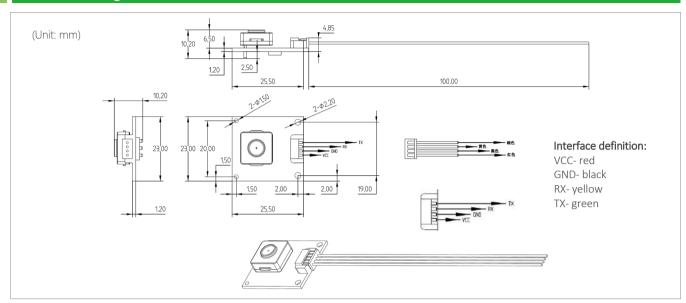
Repeatability

Temperature environment: 28°C; Humidity environment: 55%; Air chamber space: 0.03m³; Gas flow of gas distribution system: 4000sccm



The test results show that the repeatability error range is <2ppm (200ppm ± 1% of full scale is the normal range);

Structure Diagram



Order Information

| Product | Part Number | Range | Resolution |
|--|----------------|----------|------------|
| IAQ-200 SS Micro TX Air Quality Module | 2112B012770200 | 0-200ppm | 0.1ppm |
| Pin Cable | 2112B012762 | | |

| Working temperature indoor and outdoor use. If applied in outdoor or industrial environment, it is recommended the customers choose suitable housing protection to protect sensors from outdoor and harsh elements Optimal working temperature 20 - 35 °C Working humidity 15% - 95% RH. Optimum working humidity 40 - 70% RH. Working pressure Atm ± 10% Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) Board size 23 x 25.5 x 4.85mm (without sensor) Weight 3.1g | Specification | |
|--|--|---|
| Detection of gas Detection of gas Detection Range Lowest Detection Limit Full-scale accuracy error 15% F.5 Warm-up time Response time Response time Return zero time Calibration substance Calibration substance Calibration substance Calibration substance Calibration substance Relative temperature error Relative temperature error And isociacos, and the saigle common position of accuracy in the saign substance of the saigle common gases of indoor or guality pollution degree [Refer to the Ast, AQI leachasos, and the tooksity indicators of the saigle common gases of indoor pollution) Relative humidity error Output Relative humidity error Output Working Voltage Working Current Power Consumption Repeatability Working Current Optimal working humidity Optimal working humidity Optimal working humidity Working temperature Working humidity Optimal working humidity Working ressure Working humidity Optimal working humidity Working pressure Working humidity Optimal working humidity Working pressure Working humidity Working pressure Working humidity Working pressure Working humidity Optimal working humidity Working humidity Optimal working humidity Optimal working humidity Working pressure Board size Board size Board size Weight 3.3-15 × 3 × 5 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 | Principle | Solid Polymer Electrochemical Sensing Technology |
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| Lowest Detection Limit Full-scale accuracy error ±5% F.5 Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations of polluted gas in the site environment or storage environment) | Detection of gas | gases, most toxic and harmful gases |
| Full-scale accuracy error ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations of polluted gas in the site environment or storage environment) ### Response time ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations of polluted gas in the site environment or storage environment) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations of polluted gas in the site environment or storage environment) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of high concentrations) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the present or storage environment) ### Stored in clean air for the first time power on <30 seconds (except in the presence of policy clean can be accessed to corrosive gas should be accessed in clean air for the first time power on in a relatively clean and except the form to zero in a relatively clean and except the foreign time to zero in a relatively clean environment to zero folicy on the time power on the zero in a relatively clean environment and except the power of the zero for except power on a relatively clean environment and except the power of the zero for except power of the zero fo | Detection Range | 0 - 200ppm; Display resolution: 0.1ppm |
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| Response time Response time Return zero time Calibration substance Calibration substance Suphur compounds, VOCs, CO and other harmful gases are mixed and calibrated Note: The smaller the range, the higher the detection accuracy. It is not recommended that users use it beyond the range. More than three years in relatively clean air, temperature 0-25 °C, humidity 30-70% (Sensor life will be reduced if often exposed to corrosive gas, high temperature and <20% low humidity) Relative temperature error ### 10.5-2.ppm (friesh air) | Full-scale accuracy error | ±5% F.S |
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| Calibration substance | Return zero time | requiring ventilation) |
| Note: The smaller the range, the higher the detection accuracy. It is not recommended that users use it beyond the range. More than three years in relatively clean air, temperature 0-25 ° C, humidity 30-70% (Sensor life will be reduced if often exposed to corrosive gas, high temperature and <20% low humidity) Relative temperature error | Neturn Zero time | requiring ventilation) |
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| Sensor life expectancy be reduced if often exposed to corrosive gas, high temperature and <20% low humidity) Relative temperature error ± 0.2 °C < 0.5 ppm (fresh air) | Calibration substance | |
| Index of indoor air quality pollution degree (Refer to the API, AQI indicators, and the toxicity indicators of the single common gases of indoor pollution) 2-5 ppm ((light pollution): open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air | Sensor life expectancy | |
| Index of indoor air quality pollution degree (Refer to the API, AQI indicators, and the toxicity indicators of the single common gases of indoor pollution) 2-5ppm ((light pollution): open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air 2-5ppm ((light pollution): open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air 5-10ppm (moderate pollution); check the source of pollution, (which may be: cooking without an exhaust fan, potential fire hazards, home decoration pollution, gas leakage, natural gas leakage, use of alcohol), open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air 5-10ppm (moderate pollution): check the source of pollution, (which may be: cooking without an exhaust fan, potential fire hazards, home decoration pollution, gas leakage, natural gas leakage, use of alcohol), open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air 5-10ppm (moderate pollution): check the source of pollution, (which may be: cooking without an exhaust fan, potential frie hazards, home decoration pollution, gas leakage, natural gas leakage, use of alcohol), open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air 5-10ppm (moderate pollution): check the source of pollution (with fresh air 5-10ppm (moderate pollution): check the source of pollution (with fresh air 5-10ppm (moderate pollution): check the source of pollution (with fresh air 5-10ppm (pollution); and exhaust fan, potential fire hazards, home decoration pollution, gas leakage, natural gas lea | Relative temperature error | ± 0.2℃ |
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| S-10ppm (moderate pollution): check the source of pollution, (which may be: cooking without an exhaust fan, potential fire hazards, home decoration pollution, gas leakage, use of alcohol), open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air 2 | (Refer to the API, AQI indicators, and the | 2-5ppm (light pollution): open windows for ventilation, or start purification with fresh air |
| Output Output Interface definition: VCC- red, GND- black, RX- yellow, TX- green Baud rate: 9600 Data bits: 8 bits Stop bits: 1 bit Communication has active upload and Q & A mode. The default mode is Q & A mode after power- on. You can use instructions to switch between the two modes. Or Q & A mode is restored by power off or switch power mode See next page for details 3.3-5.5V DC Vorking Current Power Consumption Repeatability Full range 200ppm ± 1% is the normal range 0-40 °C, storage temperature -20 to +55 °C (with temperature compensation). Suitable for bot indoor and outdoor use. If applied in outdoor or industrial environment, it is recommended th customers choose suitable housing protection to protect sensors from outdoor and harsh elements Optimum working humidity Optimum working humidity Working pressure Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) 23 x 25.5 x 4.85mm (without sensor) 3.37 UART digital signal (see below for communication protection) Interface definition: VCC- red, GND- black, RX- yellow, TX- green Band size band size black, RX- yellow, TX- green Band size band size loads bits: 8 bits Stop bits: 1 bit Communication is both stored by power off or switch between the two modes. Or Q & A mode is restored by power off or switch power mode See next page for details 3.3-5.5V DC 4 SmA 25mA 25mA 25mA 25mA 25mA 25mB 60-40 °C, storage temperature -20 to +55 °C (with temperature compensation). Suitable for both customers choose suitable housing protection to protect sensors from outdoor and harsh elements Optimum working humidity 40 - 70% RH. 40 - 70% RH. Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) 3.1g | , | exhaust fan, potential fire hazards, home decoration pollution, gas leakage, natural gas leakage, use |
| Interface definition: VCC- red, GND- black, RX- yellow, TX- green | Relative humidity error | ± 2% |
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| Get data command See next page for details 3.3-5.5V DC SmA Get Mande. The default mode is Q & A mode after power-on. You can use instructions to switch power mode See next page for details 3.3-5.5V DC Full range 200pm ± 1% is the normal range Get Optimang Power consumption Get Pull range 200ppm ± 1% is the normal range Get Optimang Power consumption Get Optimang Power off or switch power mode See next page for details 3.3-5.5V DC Full range 200ppm ± 1% is the normal range Get Optimang Power off or switch power mode See next page for details 3.3-5.5V DC (with temperature compensation). Suitable for bot indoor and outdoor or industrial environment, it is recommended the customers choose suitable housing protection to protect sensors from outdoor and harsh elements Get Optimang Power optimange Get Optimang Power opt | Output | Interface definition: VCC- red, GND- black, RX- yellow, TX- green |
| On. You can use instructions to switch between the two modes. Or Q & A mode is restored by power off or switch power mode See next page for details 3.3-5.5V DC Working Current Power Consumption Repeatability Full range 200ppm ± 1% is the normal range 0-40°C, storage temperature -20 to +55°C (with temperature compensation). Suitable for bot indoor and outdoor use. If applied in outdoor or industrial environment, it is recommended the customers choose suitable housing protection to protect sensors from outdoor and harsh elements. Optimal working temperature Working humidity 15% - 95% RH. Optimum working humidity 40 - 70% RH. Working pressure Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) Board size 3.1g | · | Baud rate: 9600 Data bits: 8 bits Stop bits: 1 bit |
| See next page for details Working Voltage Working Current Som A Power Consumption Repeatability Full range 200ppm ± 1% is the normal range 0-40°C, storage temperature -20 to +55°C (with temperature compensation). Suitable for both indoor and outdoor use. If applied in outdoor or industrial environment, it is recommended the customers choose suitable housing protection to protect sensors from outdoor and harsh elements Optimal working temperature Optimum working humidity 15% - 95% RH. Optimum working humidity Working pressure Atm ± 10% Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) Board size Weight 3.1g | | |
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| Optimum working humidity Working pressure Atm ± 10% Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) Board size 23 x 25.5 x 4.85mm (without sensor) Weight 3.1g | Optimal working temperature | 20 - 35℃ |
| Working pressureAtm \pm 10%Board size $23 \times 25.5 \times 10.2$ mm (with sensor)Board size $23 \times 25.5 \times 4.85$ mm (without sensor)Weight 3.1 g | Working humidity | 15% - 95% RH. |
| Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) Board size 23 x 25.5 x 4.85mm (without sensor) Weight 3.1g | Optimum working humidity | 40 - 70% RH. |
| Board size 23 x 25.5 x 10.2mm (with sensor) Board size 23 x 25.5 x 4.85mm (without sensor) Weight 3.1g | | Atm ± 10% |
| Board size 23 x 25.5 x 4.85mm (without sensor) Weight 3.1g | <u> </u> | |
| Weight 3.1g | | · |
| | | |
| | Signal cable | The standard length is shown in the figure, and can be customized if there are special requirements. |

User Guide

Thank you for choosing our Micro TX Gas module. Before using it, please read this document in detail in order to use our products correctly and effectively.

Storage

The solid polymer sensor can be stored for more than 1 year at a humidity of 20-95% and a temperature of -5 to $+25^{\circ}$ C. Ensure that the storage environment is free from high concentrations of contaminated gases. Sensors that have been stored for more than 6 months should first have a power-on polarization time of more than 12 hours to fully activate the electrolyte and restore best detection state.

- 1.The best storage environment is: temperature -5°C +25°C , relative humidity 25% 95% (non-condensing);
- 2. The storage environment should be clean air, no pollution gas, no high concentration organic gas, no dust, no smoke;
- 3. Avoid storage with alcohol (ethanol), perfume, sodium silicate, and polyurethane liquids and solids.

Packaging and transportation

- 1. Avoid prolonged direct sunlight during transportation, prevent rainwater penetration;
- 2. Transport packaging should provide protection with shock-proof bubble film or odourless environmentally friendly sponge;
- 3. During long-term long-distance transportation, the temperature in the sensor package should be kept below 40°C as much as possible, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 55°C (do not store or use at this temperature for a long time);
- 4. During the transportation of the finished product, seal the air inlet of the sensor as much as possible to prevent the contaminated gas from entering the sensor, which will cause high values or long stabilization time when the product is used for the first time.

Steps for usage

- 1. Wiring
- Perform the corresponding wiring according to the identification of the output signal port of the structure diagram. Please refer to the 4 Pin signal line label in the "Structure Diagram" above (Page 6). For the power supply, see the voltage and current ranges marked in the indicators. Note: incorrect wiring will cause the module to malfunction or damage the module.
- 2. Warm-up time
- The air quality module needs a short stabilization time after power-on. The module is designed with plug-and-play function, and usually the stabilization time is within 2 minutes. However, if concentration of contaminated gas is high during storage, transportation or on-site environment, the stabilization time will increase. If the on-site ambient air is highly fluid, there will be fluctuations in the data. Please pay close attention to the on-site environment status. When the environmental condition is stable and there is no strong convection and air exchange (such as open windows, open doors, fans, air conditioners, fresh air systems, etc.), as soon as the output signal is constant, detection can begin.
- (Note: Since it is a high-precision module, the first power-on stabilization time varies under different storage and measurement environments.)
- When the module is stable, air quality gas is usually present in normal air. Please refer to the air quality data released by the nearest local environmental monitoring station for reference.
- 3. Diffusion use
- The module functions with a diffusion detection with ambient gas, that is, the airflow naturally diffuses into the sensor. When the environment has a flow rate, it is necessary to ensure that the flow rate is within 500ml and that the flow rate is stable. The change of flow will cause the signal to fluctuate. When the flow is large, it will bring a change of pressure, which will cause the sensor signal value to change. The flow velocity will generate pressure, and the change in pressure will cause the output signal to change. The signal will increase when the pressure increases and the sensor signal will change suddenly when the pressure changes suddenly. Avoid negative pressure environments, which will cause irreparable physical damage to the sensor.
- 4. Temperature and humidity effects
- The module has been corrected for temperature compensation through an intelligent algorithm, which is suitable for the detection environment of 0 to +40°C. The sensor can work in the environment of -40°C to +55°C. There will be detection values in the temperature range outside the temperature compensation. The deviation is large. If you have special requirements, please contact us to discuss customization.

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- The sensor is not affected by normal humidity changes, but rapid humidity changes will cause instantaneous peak changes. This is mainly due to condensation on the sensor surface caused by humidity changes which will prevent outside air from entering the sensor, but the sensor will stablize within a short time. Frequent and rapid changes in temperature or humidity will affect the chemical materials and cause the sensor life to be unexpectedly reduced. Due to the principle and characteristics of electrochemical sensors, changes in the environment have different levels of influence on the chemical electrolyte inside the sensor. The IAQ sensor module analyzes the changes of the sensor's current data in detail through different environmental temperature and humidity impact tests, and combines the temperature and humidity sensor data to perform algorithmic compensation. During use of the sensor, pay attention to sudden changes in temperature and humidity which will cause the sensor data to fluctuate abnormally. The air quality sensor has good adaptability to the environment. Generally, it can fully adapt to the new environment and stabilize in 5-10 minutes.
- The sensor module must not be used and stored for a long time in a high-temperature and low-humidity environment with humidity below 10% and a temperature above 55°C. Doing so may result in reduced sensor life, or failure, or invalid test data.

Precautions

- 1. The main function of the gas sensor is to detect the gas composition and content. Please do not let any part of the sensor contact liquid;
- 2. Different gas sensors have different measurement concentration ranges. Do not measure high-concentration gases for a long time during use;
- 3. The white or yellow sheet on the sensor is a waterproof and breathable film please be careful not to scratch or pull it off;
- 4. Do not block or contaminate the surface of the sensor. Sometimes blockage of the hole is the cause of reduced sensitivity and slow response time;
- 5. Please do not exchange the sensors of different gas modules. Doing so will cause measurement errors, because all the parameters of each sensor and each circuit board are matched and calibrated, and there will be deviations after the exchange;
- 6. Once the sensor is unplugged and re-inserted into the circuit board, please check that the three electrodes of the sensor correspond to the socket on the circuit board correctly to avoid irreversible damage to the sensor after reverse insertion;
- 7. Avoid excessive impact or vibration. If the case is broken and the internal structure is exposed, the output will no longer be reliable;
- 8. Pins must not be broken or bent. Doing so may damage the internal structure of the sensor;
- 9. The sensor will be slow to return to the initial state after long-term use in a high-concentration gas environment. The recovery speed is proportional to the overrange multiple;
- 10. The sensor detect should not be used in high concentrations and strong viscous gas for a long time period;
- 11. Please do not disassemble the sensor as it will damage the sensor;
- 12. Measurement range and accuracy. Select a gas sensor that matches the range and accuracy according to the actual application requirements and the gas concentration range. Otherwise, the gas may not be detected, accurate data may not be judged, and the sensor may be damaged;
- 13. When conducting on-site detection of air quality gas, avoid the interference of other high-concentration gases on the site, which will cause the error rate of the test results to increase;
- 14. Due to the principle and characteristics of the electrochemical sensor, in order to ensure long life and best working state of the sensor, the sensor should be kept in a continuous power state as much as possible;
- 15. When the air quality module encounters high-concentration gases during use, such as air quality gas, ethanol gas, and volatile organic gas, after the impact the recovery time will be slower. Placement in a clean air environment can shorten the recovery time.

Sensor quality inspection

1. Each sensor produced is factory inspected, with a comprehensive performance test of the main indicators of the sensor. In the sensor manufacturing process, we perform four index tests in different process links to screen out nonconforming products. After production and before delivery, each sensor is tested. The sensors are installed in the gas distribution test system, and tested with full-scale standard gas for a continuous 3-5 minutes. After the test is completed, the system will automatically generate a standard sensor test report (including: serial number, sensitivity, response time T50 T90, return zero time, zero current, maximum current value) strictly in accordance with the system preset parameters of standard qualified products. Sensors are rejected where standards are not met and then treated as nonconforming products.

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2. All modules are calibrated with standard gas to ensure the consistency and accuracy of the sensor.

Disclaimer

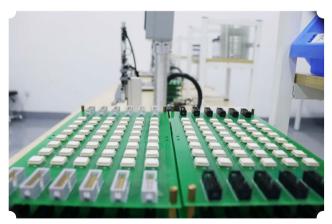
Performance data stated above is based on data obtained under test conditions using our gas distribution system and test software.

Cross sensitivity gases are not target gases. Performance characteristics on this data sheet outline the performance of newly supplied sensors. Output signal can drift below the lower limit over time. Relationships and performance can change with ageing of the sensor.

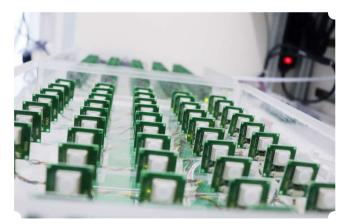
Sensors are designed to operate in a wide range of harsh environments and conditions. However, it is important to avoid exposure to high concentrations of solvent during storage, fitting into instrumentation and operation. By the nature of the technology used, any sensor can potentially fail to meet specification without warning. Euro-Gas makes every effort to ensure reliability of all sensors but where life safety is a performance requirement of the product and, where practical, Euro-Gas recommends that all gas sensors and instruments using sensors are checked for response to gas before use.

At the end of the product's service life, please do not discard any electronics in household waste. Please dispose it in accordance with local government regulations on electronic waste recycling.

The data contained in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. The data given is for guidance only. Euro-Gas Management Services Ltd accepts no liability for any consequential losses, injury or damage resulting from the use of this datasheet or the information contained in it. Customers should test the sensors under their own conditions to ensure that the sensors are suitable for their own requirements and in accordance with the plans and circumstances of the specific project and any standards/regulations pertaining to the country in which the sensors will be utilised.







Test module, test calibration

This datasheet is not intended to form the basis of a contract and in the interest of continued product improvement, Euro-Gas reserves the right to change design features and specifications without prior notification. We do not accept any legal responsibility for customer applications of our sensors. Euro-Gas accepts no liability for any consequential losses, injury or damage resulting from the use of this document, the information contained within or from any omissions or errors here in. This document does not constitute an offer for sale and the data contained is for guidance only and may not be taken as warranty. Any use of the given data must be assessed and determined by the user there of to be in accordance with federal, state and local laws and regulations. All specifications outlined are subject to change without notice.



General Settings

The sensor module uses serial communication. The communication configuration parameters are as follows:

| Baud rate | 9600 |
|------------|--------|
| Data bits | 8 bits |
| Stop bits | 1 bit |
| Parity bit | None |

Note: The communication has active upload and question-and-answer mode. The default mode is Q & A mode after power-on. You can use commands to switch between the two modes. After power-off or switch power consumption mode, the Q&A mode is restored.

Transmission mode switching instruction

Command 1 Switches to active upload. The command line format is as follows:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Start bit | Retain | Switch command | Active upload | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Checksum |
| OxFF | 0x01 | 0x78 | 0x40 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x47 |

Note: This format is fixed

Command 2 Switch to passive upload. The command line format is as follows:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Start bit | Retain | Switch command | Answer | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Checksum |
| OxFF | 0x01 | 0x78 | 0x41 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x46 |

Note: This format is fixed

Commands in query mode

Command 3 Get the sensor type, maximum range, unit, and decimal places: 0xD1

Return value:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|------|--------|--------|--------|---|------------|
| Sensor type | Maximum range high | Maximum range low | Unit | Retain | Retain | Retain | Number of decimal places(bit[4]~bit[7] Data sign (bit[0]~bit[3]) | Parity bit |
| 0x18 | 0x00 | 0xC8 | 0x02 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x01 | 0x35 |

Note:

Max range = (Max range high << 8) | Max range low Unit: 0x02 (ppm and mg / m³) 0x04 (ppb and ug / m³)

Signs: 0 (positive) 1 (negative)

Decimal places: how many decimal places to read the concentration value, the maximum number of decimal places is 3

Command 4 Get the sensor type, maximum range, unit, and decimal places: 0xD7

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------|---|--------|------------|
| Command header 1 | Command header 2 | Sensor type | Maximum range high | Maximum range low | Unit | Number of decimal (bit[4]~bit[7] Data sign (bit[0]~bit[3]) | Retain | Parity bit |
| OxFF | 0xD7 | 0x18 | 0x00 | 0xC8 | 0x02 | 0x01 | 0x00 | 0x46 |

Description:

Checksum: Add 1 $^{\sim}$ 7 $\,$ to generate an 8-bit data, invert each bit, add 1 $\,$ at the end

Decimal places bit [4] $^{\sim}$ bit [7]:

(bit [7] << 3) | (bit [6] << 2) | (bit [5] << 1) | bit [4] = number of decimal places

Data sign (bit[0]~bit[3]):

Unit:

0x02: unit is mg/m³ and ppm 0x04: unit is um/m³ and ppb 0x08: unit is 10g/m³ and %

Command 5 The format for actively reading the gas concentration value is as follows:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|--------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Start bit | Retain | Command | d Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Checksum |
| OxFF | 0x01 | 0x86 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x79 |
| Return value | : | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Start bit | Command | High gas concentration (ug/m³) | Low gas concentration (ug/m³) | Full range high | Full range low | High gas concentration (ppb) | Low gas concentration (ppb) | Checksum |
| 0xFF | 0x86 | 0x00 | 0x2A | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x20 | 0x30 |

Description:

Checksum: Add $1 \sim 7$ digits of data to generate an 8-bit data, invert each bit, add 1 at the end.

Gas concentration value = gas concentration high bit * 256 + gas concentration bit;

(The high and low concentrations need to be converted from hexadecimal to decimal and then brought into this formula to calculate)

Command 6 Combined reading command of gas concentration value and temperature and humidity

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | | 3 | 4 | 5 | | 6 | 7 | | 8 |
|--------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Sta | art bit | Retain | Command | F | Retain | Retain | Retai | n | Retain | Retain | Chec | cksum |
| С |)xFF | 0x01 | 0x87 | | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 |) | 0x00 | 0x00 | Ox | (78 |
| Retur | n value: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Start bit | Command | High gas concentration (ug/m³) | Low gas concentration (ug/m³) | Full range high | Full range low | High gas concentration (ppb) | Low gas concentration (ppb) | Temperature high | Temperature low | Humidity high | Humidity low | Parity bit |
| 0xFF | 0x87 | 0x00 | 0x2A | 0x03 | 0xE8 | 0x00 | 0x20 | 0x09 | 0xC4 | 0x13 | 0x88 | 0xDC |

Description:

Checksum: $1 \sim 11$ bits of data are added to generate an 8-bit data, each bit is inverted, and 1 is added at the end.

Gas concentration value = gas concentration high bit * 256 + gas concentration bit;

(The high and low concentrations need to be converted from hexadecimal to decimal and then brought into this formula to calculate)

Temperature is signed data with two decimal places, the unit is ($^{\circ}$ C -Celsius). Pseudo code calculation formula: T = (float)((int)((0x0A<<8)|0x09))/100

Humidity is data without sign and two decimal places, the unit is (rh%). Pseudo code calculation formula: Rh = (float)((uint)((0x0A<<8)|0x09))/100

Command 7 Get the current temperature and humidity:

Return value:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Temerature high 8 bit | Temperature low 8 bit | Humidity high 8 bit | Hunidity low 8 bit |
| 0x0A | 0x09 | 0x11 | 0xF4 |

Description:

Temperature is signed data with two decimal places, the unit is (°C -Celsius). Pseudo code calculation formula:

T = (float)((int)((0x0A << 8) | 0x09))/100

Humidity is data without sign and two decimal places, the unit is (rh%). Pseudo code calculation formula:

Rh = (float)((uint)((0x0A << 8) | 0x09))/100

Command 8 Get the current temperature and humidity with calibration

Return value:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Temerature high 8 bit | Temperature low 8 bit | Humidity high 8 bit | Hunidity low 8 bit | Checksum |
| 0x0A | 0x09 | 0x11 | 0xF4 | 0xE8 |

Description:

Checksum: 0 ~ 3 bits of data are added to generate an 8-bit data. Each bit is inverted, plus 1 at the end.

Temperature is data with a sign and two decimal places. The unit is (°C -Celsius). Pseudo-code calculation formula:

T = (float)((int)((0x0A << 8) | 0x09))/100

Humidity is data without sign and two decimal places, the unit is (rh%). seudo code calculation formula:

Rh = (float)((uint)((0x0A << 8) | 0x09))/100

Command 9 Get the current version number

Return value:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0x19 | 0x05 | 0x27 | 0x00 | 0x10 | 0x01 |

Data active upload mode

The upload data format is as follows:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Start bit | Command | High gas concentration (ug/m³) | Low gas concentration (ug/m³) | Full range high | Full range low | High gas concentration (ppb) | Low gas concentration (ppb) | Checksum |
| OxFF | 0x86 | 0x00 | 0x2A | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x20 | 0x30 |

Note:

Checksum: $1 \sim 11$ bits of data are added to generate an 8-bit data, each bit is inverted, and 1 is added at the end.

Gas concentration value = gas concentration high bit * 256 + gas concentration bit;

(The high and low concentrations need to be converted from hexadecimal to decimal and then brought into this formula to calculate)

Low power switching

Enter sleep mode

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0xAF | 0x53 | 0x6C | 0x65 | 0x65 | 0x70 |
| | | | | | |

Return value:

| 0 | 1 |
|------|------|
| 0x4F | 0x4B |

Exit sleep mode

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| OxAE | 0x45 | 0x78 | 0x69 | 0x74 |

Return value:

| 0 | 1 |
|------|------|
| 0x4F | Ox4B |

Note: After exiting sleep mode, it takes 5 seconds to recover, no data within 5 seconds

0x19,0x07,0x06,0x13,0x47,0x25 Low power instructions that can be used later

Enter sleep mode

| 0 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | 6 |
|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0xA1 | 0x5 | 3 | 0x6C | 0x65 | 0x65 | C | x70 | 0x32 |
| Return value: | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 0xFF | 0xA1 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 5F |

Exit sleep mode

| 0 | | 1 | 2 | | 3 | 4 | | 5 | |
|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|------|------|--|
| 0xA2 | | 0x45 | 0x78 | | 0x69 | x69 0x74 | | 0x32 | |
| Return value: | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| OxFF | 0xA2 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 5E | |

Turn off the running lights

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Start bit | Retain | Command | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Checksum |
| 0xFF | 0x01 | 0x88 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x77 |

Return:

| 0 | 1 |
|------|------|
| 0x4F | 0x4B |

Turn on the running lights

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Start bit | Retain | Command | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Checksum |
| 0xFF | 0x01 | 0x89 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x76 |

Return:

| 0 | 1 |
|------|------|
| 0x4F | 0x4B |

Query the running light status

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----------|---------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Start bit | Retain | Command | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Checksum |
| OxFF | 0x01 | 0x8A | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x75 |
| Return: | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Start bit | Command | State value | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Retain | Checksum |
| OxFF | 0x8A | 0x01 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x75 |

Note: Status value 1 (light on), 0 (light off)







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