## **Product Datasheet**

## 300PZ Combustible Gas Sensor

#### **Document Purpose**

The purpose of this document is to present the performance specification of the 300PZ combustible gas sensor.

This document should be used in conjunction with the Product Safety Datasheet (PSDS 21).

The data provided in this document are valid at 20°C, 50% RH and 1013 mBar for 3 months from the date of sensor manufacture.

Output signal can drift below the lower limit over time.

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### Key Features & Benefits:

- Compact, open can design
- High poison resistance

#### **Performance Characteristics**

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\*\* Measured over a 6 month period

All tolerances ± 0.15 mm

It is recommended that confirmation of adequate sensor performance be conducted on a regular basis by means of a defined, sensor calibration procedure. The calibration frequency will depend upon the environment in which the sensor is operated and on the perceived level of risk from the build up of flammable atmospheres.

\* Specifications are valid at 20°C, 50% RH and 1013 mBar, using manufacturer recommended circuitry. Performance characteristics outline the performance of sensors supplied within the first 3 months. Output signal can drift below the lower limit over time.

#### Poison Resistance

The graphs below show the effects of typical silicone and sulfur containing compounds on a 300PZ. Hexamethyl-disiloxane (HMDS) is chosen as an example of a particularly virulent poison, the effects of which are irreversible. Hydrogen sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) is also a commonly encountered poison.

The graphs show the results of accelerated tests on unprotected sensors - in practice it is extremely unlikely continuous levels of even a few ppm of HMDS would be encountered. Similarly, 100 ppm  $H_2S$  is approximately seven times the Short Term Exposure Limit in the UK.

The 300PZ will operate for significantly longer in an environment containing silicone oil vapours than a traditional standard sensor. The effect of 100 ppm  $H_2S$  is also very small, and upon removal of  $H_2S$  the sensor will return to its original sensitivity. In practice, this means the 300PZ can operate for months or years in an environment where a traditional sensor may need replacing after a matter of days or weeks.



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#### Relative Sensitivity

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE**

# The relative response data shown below does not form part of the product specification and is supplied for guidance only. For the most accurate measurements, an instrument should be calibrated using the gas under investigation.

The table below shows the variation in response of a CDH300 on exposure to a range of gases and vapours at the same %LEL concentration. The figures are experimentally derived and expressed relative to the methane signal (=100).

**Note:** The results are intended for guidance only. For the most accurate measurements an instrument should be calibrated using the gas under investigation.

Combustible Gas/Vapour	Relative Sensitivity	Combustible Gas/Vapour	Relative Sensitivity
Methane	100	Acetone	45
Propane	70	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	40
n - Butane	65	Toluene	20
n - Pentane	60	Ethyl Acetate	35
n - Hexane	40	Hydrogen	100
n - Heptane	40	Cyclohexane	40
n - Octane	25	Unleaded Petrol	35
Methanol	70	Ethylene	90
Ethanol	50	1,3, Butadiene	70
iso - Propyl Alcohol	40	Acetylene	75

\*Each sensitivity has been rounded to the nearest 5%

SAFETY NOTE

This sensor is designed to be used in safety critical applications. To ensure that the sensor and/or instrument in which it is used, are operating properly, it is a requirement that the function of the device is confirmed by exposure to target gas (bump check) before each use of the sensor and/or instrument. Failure to carry out such tests may jeopardize the safety of people and property.

Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this document at the time of printing. In accordance with the company's policy of continued product improvement the manufacturer reserves the right to make product changes without notice. The products are always subject to a programme of improvement and testing which may result in some changes in the characteristics quoted. As the products may be used by the client in circumstances beyond the knowledge and control of the manufacturer, we cannot give any warranty as to the relevance of these particulars to an application. It is the clients' responsibility to carry out the necessary tests to determine the usefulness of the products and to ensure their safety of operation in a particular application.

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The Right Sensor Can Save A Life